

# 2024 北京初三一模英语专项练习

## 阅读回答问题



### 一、阅读回答问题

(2024 北京顺义初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

#### Smile to the Lost Present

The one who has never gained something will never experience the pain of losing whatever that something is. That is pretty clear. But I consider the absence of the joy of “having” to be more miserable (痛苦的) than that of having lost something after having once had it.

When I was six years old, a lovely doll caught my eye. My mom refused to buy it for me, so I took a “job”, my first, selling sweets in a park. Holding the doll which had been earned by myself, I was the happiest girl in the world. However, the doll ended up losing during a family trip. My tears couldn’t bring it back.

In Grade Nine, my closest friend became estranged (疏远) from me. We had shared our innermost secrets with each other and supported one another through difficult times. At the time she kept me at a distance, I was very disappointed and even wished I had never known her. Accustomed to our friendship and her company, I didn’t know what to do without her at one time.

Recalling the past, I’m not that sad about those lost treasures now. Instead, I am thankful for them for making my life colorful. I am proud of the persevering little girl who managed to acquire her coveted doll. And the memory of my ex-friend’s warm smile continues to encourage me from time to time. How much would I have missed in life if I hadn’t bought that doll or hadn’t befriended that girl?

Experiences are of great importance to our lives. The world is so changeable that nothing is able to last forever. Nothing actually belongs to us except our own feelings. How much regret do you think exists in this unfilled blank which we create for ourselves when we give up on our reasonable wants just because of our fears of potential loss? For me, nothing could be more miserable than a risk-free but boring life in which you have the constant desire for something but have not the courage to make it your own!

Face peacefully the fact that, while the treasure itself is gone, the memories are still very much alive. Walk out of the shadow and accept the new present that is being delivered to you. Let these wonderful past moments shine like stars in the night sky.

Don’t cry because it’s over; smile because it once happened.

1. What did the writer do after her mom refused to buy the doll for her?

2. How did the writer feel when her closest friend became estranged from her?

3. Why is the writer thankful for the lost treasures?

4. Do you agree with the writer? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)

(2024 北京燕山初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

I’m no literary Luddite (反对新技术的人). I bought an iPad with my first paycheck from my first full-time

job after graduating from college. But after two years of reading occasionally on the device, I gave it away to my brother. It just wasn't the right reading experience for me.

Technology lovers choose e-readers over books because e-readers are more convenient. They're right. It is objectively easier to carry a 7oz (盎司) tablet with thousands and thousands of books at your fingertips than it is to carry five books in your bag, which is exactly what I did on vacation.

But I don't read for convenience. I read to learn more about the world and myself. I have made friends by seeing a book cover in a cafe and noticing that it was the same title that I was reading. I can trace my life by the books that have been my companions. When I open an old book and come across my previously scribbled notes — shaky ones when I've been reading on the subway, covered in sand if I read it at the beach, next to a train ticket if I was traveling — I am able to add an extra level of personal depth and experience to the story I am about to reread. It's just not enough to simply consuming the story, which is what e-readers are great for.

When I read paper books, I hold onto them for long periods of time. I just purchased a new bookshelf specially for my "to be read" pile. Once in a while, I go through the process of deciding which books to donate (捐赠), but usually the idea of parting with a book feels like giving away a part of my soul (灵魂).

Physical books may not be the most efficient medium, but they are the most meaningful. So keep your Kindle, by all means. But I'll be happy hoarding (贮存, 聚藏) with my library.

5. Why did the writer give his iPad to his brother?

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6. What does the writer want to learn by reading?

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7. How does the writer feel when parting with a book?

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8. Which do you prefer, e-books or paper books? And why? (Please give two reasons)

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(2024 北京丰台初三一模)



### How Audiobooks Help Readers and Inspire a Love of Books

Not long ago, one of my third graders Jack was struggling (挣扎) to find books he liked. His teacher reported that he kept choosing books that were too simple or too difficult for him to manage on his own.

I visited with Jack one morning to find out what he was looking for. He started telling me that he just didn't like to read, but after a bit of conversation, he shared that he actually loved books about dragons.

I thought of the *Dragon Masters* series. I took the first book off the shelf. When I opened the book, there were pictures to help him understand the story more easily. He was excited. We sat down to read a bit together, but it quickly became clear that it was hard for him to read. He was upset, but I told him I had an idea.

We downloaded Sora which is a reading app with audiobooks and searched for an audiobook of the first *Dragon Masters* book. We printed it and picked up a bookmark to hold under each line as the narrator (讲述者) read so he could follow along. Two days later, he was back in the library happily. The last time I checked, he was

nearing the end of the series.

I have advised teachers to use audiobooks with struggling readers. However some people hold that audiobooks are not a substitute (替代品) for silent reading. I disagree. When a student struggles to decode (解码), the interest in reading disappears very quickly. Audiobooks can help students by allowing their joy of reading to increase as they continue to improve their reading skills in class.

“If we give kids an audiobook, won’t that make them depend on them forever?” The answer is, I deeply doubt it. When we used training wheels, they didn’t prevent us from learning how to ride a bike. They provided support as we got confidence, and we learned to let them go and ride off into the sunset at the end of the street. If a student is enjoying audiobooks as part of their learning, the student will be a real reader when working with teachers to increase confidence in written text.

9. What kind of books did Jack like to read?

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10. Why was Jack excited when the writer opened the book?

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11. How could Jack follow along with the narrator?

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12. Would you like to try audiobooks? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)

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(2024 北京房山初三一模) Zhou Jingyi is a second-year postgraduate student from Inner Mongolia University of Finance and Economics, and 2024 marks her third year working as a railway volunteer, as well as her third experience with the Spring Festival travel rush.

As a local, she serves at Wanzhou North Station during the winter vacation. She began to participate in volunteer activities in 2019. According to Zhou, she was influenced by her mother to become a railway volunteer, “My mother works for public good, which leads me to get involved in volunteer activities.”

Wanzhou North Station operates 124 trains per day on average, with an estimated (估计) daily departure of 18,000 passengers and an arrival of 19,000 passengers during this year’s travel rush.

There are only six railway youth volunteers, like Zhou, working in the station, helping passengers after pre-job training. During the travel rush, she gets up at 6:30 am and arrives at work by 7:50 am every day. At the station, she provides passengers with services like helping them buy tickets and board the train, keeping order, answering questions, and dealing with the transfer. Zhou has to repeat to answer the same question from different people hundreds of times, but she never loses patience.

“It might cause my legs to ache and my throat to become uncomfortable, but the volunteer activities warm the people on their journey and paint my vacation colorful, as well as improve my ability in communication and expression,” she added.

The most unforgettable experience for Zhou was that she met a grandmother with a lot of luggage. “I helped her carry the bags from the entrance to the ticket gates. She kept saying ‘Thank you’ and gave me two oranges, telling me that ‘you look so much like my granddaughter’,” she recalled.

She said those were the sweetest oranges she had ever had. “This proves that warmth can produce warmth, strengthening my mind to be a volunteer.”

13. Who influenced Zhou Jingyi to become a railway volunteer?

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14. What services can Zhou Jingyi provide for passengers?

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15. Why did the grandmother give Zhou Jingyi two oranges?

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16. Do you want to work as a volunteer? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)

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(2024 北京平谷初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

Have you ever seen shadow plays? The shadow play is one of the oldest puppet performances in China. It was a popular folk drama in ancient China and also the ancestor (祖先) of the films in the world.

Shadow plays were once a popular form of entertainment, and they were also used for religious (宗教) and instructional purposes. Simple to perform, dramas were played out on screens or walls for thousands of years, and the shadow play is still performed in China today.

A simple lamp and a thin screen were all that were needed for a stage. Things like people, animals, furniture, walls and plants were shown on the screen by placing figurines or figures made of cardboard or leather in front of the lamp.

The lamp lighted the screen from behind, and people could move little figurines around for theatrical performances. With added music and sound effects, the plays could be quite entertaining if they were well performed. These were ancient dramas or cartoons, and they were even colorized for added entertainment by using colored translucent (半透明的) figurines. The lamp light cast a colored shadow.

One can imagine that stone-age people sat next to campfires and watched stories played out on rock walls by shadows cast by using their hands or figurines.

It is said that the Mongols in the 13th century liked to watch shadow plays in their camps. They took the entertainment with them, and it became a popular entertainment in the Yuan Empire of the 13th century.

Shadow plays were performed in France when French missionaries (传教士) returned from China in 1767 and put on performances in Paris and Marseilles. It is said that this is how the shadow play was introduced to Europe. The plays were popular in France, and they were called “Chinese Shadows” at first.

Nowadays, performers use plastics, computer controlled lightning and machinery, and modern paint and dyes to produce bright and colorful shadow figures. They can produce images that are controlled by computers, and these can be used for animation and entertainment effects in plays. It is difficult for shadow puppeteers to compete with modern entertainment technologies for an audience, but some of them are using modern materials and adopting technology to help stage interesting entertainment in China.

17. What were shadow plays used for?

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18. How were shadow plays introduced to Europe?

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19. What challenge do shadow puppeteers meet?

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20. Would you like to watch shadow plays? Why? (At least two reasons)

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(2024 北京朝阳初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

### School Life Made Easier



Making school life simpler and more convenient is becoming a reality with the use of technology, especially in China where many schools are using inventions like AI.

One example is a school in Tianjin, which uses a smart campus (校园) system (系统) from a tech company. In classes, students get hands-on experience using simulation (模拟) devices and VR glasses, exploring rocket launches and the structure inside rockets through fun and interactive (互动的) learning. Similarly, in swimming classes, “By wearing smart earphones, they can receive real-time instructions from the coach underwater, making sure it’s safe,” Li Rui, the school’s vice-principal, told CCTV.

At a school in Anhui, technology is improving PE classes. Self-testing tools with AI visual analysis (可视化分析) technology are used for activities like running, jumping, sit-ups, and skipping rope. A facial recognition system records students’ faces, allowing them to receive performance results immediately after each exercise. “Before, when I threw the shot put (铅球), the teacher had to use a ruler to measure the distance. Now, the results are produced automatically (自动地). You can also see which parts of your exercise need improvements, with the teacher then helping to guide you to make those improvements,” said Wu Shengguo from the school.

Besides China, smart campus technologies are getting popularity. A university in Australia uses an app, allowing students to visualize the human heart in 3D. This tool helps students understand the heart’s different parts and blood flow.

Universities worldwide are also using AI to create helpful digital assistants (助手). A college in the UK introduced a chat robot. It provides students with information about attendance records, courses, and class timetables, making it easier for students to manage their school lives.

Smart campuses are not just about “smart” learning; they are changing how students learn, study, and interact with their schools. These technologies are making education more interesting and convenient for students all over the world.

21. What technology does the school in Tianjin use from the tech company?

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22. When can students at the school in Anhui receive performance results in PE classes?

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23. How does the chat robot make it easier for students of the college in the UK to manage their school lives?

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24. Would you like to study in a smart campus? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)

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(2024 北京门头沟初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。



International Volunteer Day is a day to celebrate the efforts of people who create a positive change in their communities and work selflessly to bring about peace and development for the world. On International Volunteer Day, volunteers share their experiences with volunteering and talk about its influence on their personal lives.

Sharon first started volunteering at the age of 16. It was the summer before her junior year of high school, and she hadn't really understood the meaning behind doing something for others until that day.

Sharon was going with a group to the Ronald McDonald House (RMH) in Dallas, Texas. RMH is a "home-away-from-home" for families so they can stay close by their hospitalized child at little or no cost.

Sharon recalls her first time walking into RMH-nervous and afraid of messing up or saying the wrong thing. After only 5 minutes, she began connecting with families. "That day, I played with kids, laughed with the adults, and heard countless stories-you name it!" says Sharon.

Now a 20-year-old student at the University of North Texas, Sharon has volunteered with RMH ever since. "I have met so many people there that have changed my life."

In January 2012, Sharon met her soon-to-be hero: Dan. Dan was a car passenger, riding with a group of friends, when the driver thought it would be cool to show off and drive fast.

The car turned over, both the driver and one of the passengers were thrown out of from the car. Dan tried to get out of the car and then began searching for others quickly. One of the passengers was still caught in her seat. Without hesitation, Dan climbed back in to save her.

In doing so, he somehow managed to get himself stuck and caught fire. Although he was able to rescue himself, his skin was so badly burned that he had to take lots of surgeries (手术). Sharon helped care for Dan during his stay at RMH, helping him get better through stories, laughter, and companionship (陪伴). Sharon still keeps in touch with Dan today.

"Nothing brightens my day more than to be able to make someone who's going through something beyond my understanding smile," says Sharon. "I feel like I've become more of a caring and selfless person since I started volunteering. I look for joy in the joy I provide to others and focus less on myself. After a few months of volunteering, RMH brought out a more real version of myself-exactly who I want to be in life."

25. When did Sharon first start volunteering?

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26. How did Sharon feel when she walked into RMH the first time?

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27. What did Sharon do to help Dan get better?

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28. Would you like to do volunteer work? Why? (Please give two reasons.)

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(2024 北京石景山初三一模) 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题。

Smarter libraries deliver greater knowledge



a ginkgo tree

How long does it take a reader to get a book after placing an order in a library of over 8 million? The answer from a new library in the east of Beijing is less than 15 minutes.

Beijing Library has become a popular place since it opened in December last year. It received over 80,000 visits during the three-day New Year holiday. Book lovers are attracted not only by the library's building design, which looks like a reading space under big ginkgo trees, but also by its huge collection of books and smart services.

Covering some 75,000m<sup>2</sup>, Beijing Library houses over 8 million books. The towering stacks (书库) on the library's basement floor helps its big amount of books. They are part of the largest single automated storage and retrieval system (自动化仓库), also known as AS/RS, for books in China.

The stacks have a total storage area of less than 3,000m<sup>2</sup>, yet they can store over 7 million books because of their special design. In addition to the stacks, the smart system includes various types of smart equipment like robots, which enable book delivery.

The AS/RS works like the smart brain of the library, enabling highly efficient services. Beijing Library is not alone in using AS/RS. The Suzhou No.2 Library, which opened in late 2019, was the first Chinese library to use it.

"Because more local governments place enriching cultural life high on their work list, we are seeing more public libraries introduce the AS/RS," says Shi Qi, manager of the AS/RS business unit.

To make borrowing books easier, visitors to Beijing Library can sign up for a borrowing service with facial recognition and other technologies. A digital guide at the library's entrance also offers interactions with visitors if needed.

Readers who don't want to travel to the library can use the online borrowing service, which will deliver the book to their doorstep. The library's online borrowing service is open to readers not only in Beijing but also in neighboring Tianjin and Hebei province.

"It's quite a refreshing experience to visit the library," says a middle school student. "The books here enrich your mind, and some of the smart services here can blow your mind."

29. When did Beijing Library open?

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30. How many books does Beijing Library house?

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31. According to Shi Qi, why are we seeing more public libraries introduce the AS/RS?

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32. Would you like to borrow books from Beijing Library? Why or why not? (Please give at least two reasons.)

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(2024 北京东城初三一模) 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题。

My husband, Tyler, and I decided to raise a guide dog puppy (幼犬). After attending several meetings with Anina Green, the guide dog club leader, I eagerly signed up to become a raiser and patiently waited for the arrival of my puppy. Then, one day, Anina informed me that I would get my puppy on April 27.

That day, Tyler and I went to Anina's house. In the kitchen, we saw the puppy, Escort, sleeping on the floor. Holding him for the first time was magical. He was so soft and sleepy—and huge! Escort was larger than a lot of full-grown dogs.

We attended a weekly puppy kindergarten to learn how to train Escort. From the time we got the puppy until he was about 6 months old, he was on a leash (牵引绳). When we were watching TV on the sofa or brushing teeth, the leash was always in our hands. During the first eight weeks, Tyler and I mostly stayed at home, taught Escort orders, and held his leash.

The guide dog club is really like a family—a family with a lot of wonderful, well-behaved dogs. We traveled to various places together with these dogs. Escort's first group outing was a trip to tour the city museum. We also went to a shopping mall, a baseball game, a fire station, and the airport to practice going through security. With all the help from our club, Escort went from a sleepy little puppy to a dependable companion (伙伴) when he was 8 months old.

When Escort was one year old, he could walk with a perfect loose (松的) leash, follow our orders and always make the right choices. It was time for us to drop him off at the Guide Dogs for the Blind campus to go through more formal (正式的) guide training and get matched with someone who needed him. We had fallen in love with the puppy and couldn't bear giving him away, but we had to say goodbye to him.

When I see pictures of Escort with the woman he has been placed with, I feel very happy. It doesn't hurt that he's not with me—seeing him going on adventures with his new owner every day makes it all worth it. The thought that he will improve her life makes me very proud.

33. What was Escort like when the writer first saw him?

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34. What did the writer and her husband do during the first eight weeks of raising Escort?

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35. How does the writer feel when she knows Escort can help his new owner?

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36. What do you think of the writer and her husband? Why do you think so? (Please give two reasons.)

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(2024 北京西城初三一模) The summer of 2023 saw record-breaking heatwaves across many parts of the world. As temperatures continue to rise, the effect of carbon emissions (碳排放) on the environment has become a big problem. Studies show the travel industry is responsible for about 10% of these emissions, with air travel alone causing about 2.8% of them.

To address this problem, Intrepid—a travel company, has suggested a “carbon passport” in its recent report. The idea behind it is that each traveler would have a yearly carbon limit, and nobody can go over that limit. Using carbon passports means travelers will have to take fewer flights to lower their “carbon footprint”—the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from their actions. At present, the carbon footprint of each person is about four tons yearly on average



(平均). To limit temperature rise to acceptable levels by 2050, our goal should be below two tons.

In line with this goal, some European countries are taking steps to reduce air travel. In France, local flights are canceled if the same trips can be made by train in 2.5 hours or less. In Belgium, additional charges (收费) are added to short-distance flights to encourage other forms of travel.

Intrepid considers the idea of a “carbon passport” effective with more people involved in. Travelers will receive information about their carbon footprints and change their travel habits. And businesses will be pushed to use more green practices. Alex Hawkins, one of the writers of the report, says, “These passports will make us think more about how our trips influence the environment.”

When it comes to monitoring everyone’s carbon emission, Anna Abelson, a professor of the New York University thinks it would be a challenge in terms of logistics (统计). Even if we work that out, there are still some worries. For example, people might not be able to take jobs far away or visit family in other cities as often. Some even worry about privacy and personal freedom if we start monitoring and limiting people’s air travel.

“Getting everyone on board with carbon passports won’t be easy.” Hawkins added, “It would need support from lots of different people and groups all over the world.” However, even with the challenges, the idea of carbon passports shows the need for us to take action together to fight climate change and make travel eco-friendlier.

37. Which industry is responsible for about 10% of the world’s carbon emissions?

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38. What is the idea behind a “carbon passport”?

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39. How does France reduce air travel?

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40. What do you think of the idea of a “carbon passport”? Why do you think so? (Please give two reasons. )

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(2024 北京通州初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

It was 5:30 on a Saturday morning in August. It was quiet in Gabriel Silva’s house. Axel, their 1-year-old family dog, jumped on Gabriel’s parents’ bed to wake them up. They guessed he needed to go outside.

But Axel wouldn’t go out. When Gabriel’s father opened the back door, Axel rushed toward Gabriel’s room. Inside, Gabriel was awake. He woke up around 5 a.m. and couldn’t feel anything in one of his arms. There, he lost his balance and fell on the floor.

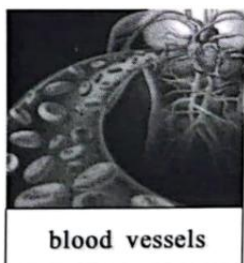
Gabriel’s father followed Axel to his room. He told his father that he was trying to walk but the right side of his body could feel nothing. His father could hardly understand him. Gabriel’s speech was unclear. He drove Gabriel to a hospital. Doctors said that he was having a stroke (中风). It happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off.

Gabriel has got back his ability to speak and walk. The doctors treated Gabriel and said that Gabriel might have never recovered if Axel hadn’t made the family wake up that morning.

Gabriel said there were no warning signs before the stroke. One of Gabriel’s blood vessels had torn, the doctor said. The blood vessel was connected to Gabriel’s brain. The tear stopped blood from flowing to part of his brain. During a stroke, neurons (神经元) in the brain, which receive and send messages from the body to the brain, die from being short of blood.

Gabriel said he still didn't have much feeling on the right side of his body. He learned to write and eat with his left hand. He took medicines every day and had special training two days per week. For now, Gabriel is being home-schooled. He hopes to return to high school in December.

Gabriel's father said Axel didn't finish watching over his son. Since Gabriel returned home, Axel followed him around the house and slept in his room. He seldom left his side. The doctor said Axel was worthy of a lot of credit (赞扬). "It's amazing how immovable (不动摇的) a dog was when he knew something was going on," he said.



41. Where did Axel go when Gabriel's father opened the back door?

42. When does a stroke happen?

43. How did Axel watch over Gabriel after he returned home from hospital?

44. Would you like to have a family dog like Axel? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)

(2024 北京大兴初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

### Reading with The Fingertips (指尖)

Louis Braille was born in France in 1809. When he was three, he injured an eye in an accident in his father's workshop. The infection (感染) from the wound spread to his other eye. Within a year he couldn't see anything. When he was ten, he was sent to a school for the blind. Students there learned by listening to their teachers.

One day, a visitor came to the school. His name was Charles Barbier. He was to have a great influence on Braille. Louis was then twelve years old. Barbier had invented a new way of writing. He had hoped the French army would adopt (采纳) his method. This writing was designed to be used at night. Soldiers could read it without showing a light. Barbier hoped the head of the school whose students lived their lives in darkness could use his way of writing.

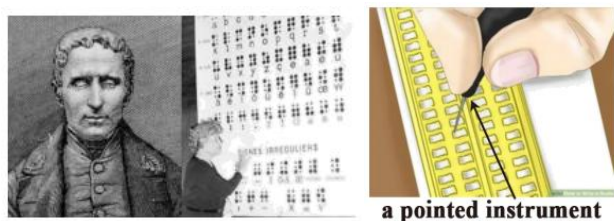
Louis Braille stood out among those students. His mind was quick. He was eager to learn. The head of school invited him to meet the visitor. Barbier began to show how his writing worked. Braille's interest was aroused. Barbier took a sheet of thick paper. Using a pointed instrument, he punched a series of holes to make raised dots (点) on the other side of the paper. These dots were grouped together in cells (单元格). The cells could be placed in any of twelve positions. Each group stood for a different sound. By running a fingertip over them, a person could read a message.

Braille was excited by Barbier's invention. But he knew that it needed to be simpler. He started working on it at once. Instead of twelve positions for each unit, he decided to work with six. This let a reader make sense of the

raised dots more quickly and easily.

Braille remained at the school all his life. He taught there. He also helped to print books that used his method. Braille was a very good musician. He showed people how to write music in his way.

Charles Barbier did not sell his method to the army. But he played a part in changing forever the way blind people read. Because of what he started and Louis Braille completed, people everywhere who cannot see are no longer limited by blindness.



45. What happened to Louis Braille when he was three?

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46. Who invented a new way of writing?

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47. How did Louis Braille make Barbier's invention simpler?

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48. What do you think of Louis Braille? Why do you think so?

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(2024 北京海淀初三一模) 阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

Inner painting, a kind of traditional Chinese art, is marked as a national-level intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产). Inner painting artists traditionally create works on the inner surface of the glass bottle by using special fine brushes that can enter the tiny bottles. It has a long history and is mainly divided into four major schools: Beijing, Hebei, Shandong, and Guangdong.

When we look at the inner painting of an object, we experience an indescribable beauty. Patterns on the painting often symbolize people's wishes for good luck and a happy life. The most marketable ones are landscapes (风景), followed by flowers and birds.

The production of inner painting is difficult because it requires high precision (精确) and the process of painting is totally reversed (反向的). During painting, there is no room for corrections. And a shaky hand leads to mistakes. Only those skilled and confident in their abilities can paint well. Most artists need to learn inner painting for years before creating great and fine pieces. Even if they already know how to paint, they need to practice drawing lines from the beginning when they start inner painting.

Inner painting has its advantages due to its uniqueness (独特性), but it also faces challenges such as limited market needs, and a shortage of learners and talented artists to drive its development.

Luckily, today's artists are trying to make inner painting more included in our lives. It is now used on everyday objects, like tea sets and folding screens. One of the artists invented a new type of brush, which improved the speed of drawing. Some young artists are making use of social media to help more people learn about inner painting skills.

Looking ahead to the future, the inner painting artists wish the art to be more available to the public, and win high market acceptance. They also hope inner painting courses can be offered at school for young people to take.

49. Where do inner painting artists traditionally create their works?

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50. What do patterns on the inner painting often symbolize?

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51. How are some young artists helping more people learn about inner painting skills?

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52. If your school offers an inner painting course, would you like to take it or not? Why? (Please give two reasons.)

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## 参考答案

1. She took a job selling sweets in a park.      2. She felt disappointed.      3. She is thankful for the lost treasures for making her life colorful.      4. Yes, I do. Because we will have more courage to face the challenges in our life and we will have a happier future.

【导语】本文主要讲述了要笑对失去的东西。作者通过丢失的玩偶和失去的朋友两个例子来说明要微笑面对我们失去的东西，没有什么是一直属于某个人的，要走出阴影，接受即将交付给我们的新礼物。

1. 根据“My mom refused to buy it for me, so I took a “job”, my first, selling sweets in a park.”可知，在我妈妈拒绝给我买玩偶之后，我在公园里卖糖果。故填 She took a job selling sweets in a park.
2. 根据“At the time she kept me at a distance, I was very disappointed and even wished I had never known her.”可知，在我亲密的朋友和我保持距离的时候，我非常失望甚至希望从未认识过她。故填 She felt disappointed.
3. 根据“Recalling the past, I’m not that sad about those lost treasures now. Instead, I am thankful for them for making my life colorful.”可知，作者现在对于失去的财宝并不悲伤，相反，作者因为这些财宝使他的生活丰富多彩而更感激它们。故填 She is thankful for the lost treasures for making her life colorful.
4. 开放性答案，原因合理即可。参考答案为 Yes, I do. Because we will have more courage to face the challenges in our life and we will have a happier future.

5. Because it just wasn’t the right reading experience for him.      6. He reads to learn more about the world and himself./ He wants to learn more about the world and himself by reading.      7. Giving away a part of his soul.
8. I prefer e-books. Because they have richer content and they are more convenient to use.

【导语】本文主要介绍了电子书和纸质书的利弊，并重点讲述作者自己的阅读习惯。

5. 根据“It just wasn’t the right reading experience for me.”可知，作者将 iPad 给他的弟弟是因为它的阅读体验不适合作者。故填 Because it just wasn’t the right reading experience for him.
6. 根据“I read to learn more about the world and myself.”可知，作者通过读书想更多地了解自己和世界。故填 He reads to learn more about the world and himself./ He wants to learn more about the world and himself by reading.
7. 根据“but usually the idea of parting with a book feels like giving away a part of my soul”可知，作者放弃一本书的感觉就像放弃了灵魂的一部分。故填 Giving away a part of his soul.
8. 开放式问题，作答时写出自己喜欢的类型并说明两点理由。参考答案为 I prefer e-books. Because they have richer content and they are more convenient to use.

9. Books about dragons.      10. Because there were pictures to help him understand the story more easily.
11. By picking up a bookmark to hold under each line as the narrator read.      12.

Yes, I’d like to. Because audiobooks may help me with some reading difficulties and they may improve my reading skills and interest./No. Because audiobooks may make me depend on them and they are not a substitute for silent reading.

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，介绍了有声阅读的利弊。

9. 根据“He started telling me that he just didn’t like to read, but after a bit of conversation, he shared that he

actually loved books about dragons.”可知，杰克喜欢关于龙的书。故填 Books about dragons.

10. 根据“When I opened the book, there were pictures to help him understand the story more easily. He was excited.”可知，书里有很多图片帮助他理解故事，让杰克感觉很兴奋。故填 Because there were pictures to help him understand the story more easily.

11. 根据“We printed it and picked up a bookmark to hold under each line as the narrator (讲述者) read so he could follow along.”可知，通过使用书签。故填 By picking up a bookmark to hold under each line as the narrator read.

12. 开放性答案，回答合理即可。比如说愿意尝试，可以帮助解决阅读困难，提高阅读技巧和兴趣；如果不愿意尝试，阅读有声书会让自己变得依赖。故填 Yes, I'd like to. Because audiobooks may help me with some reading difficulties and they may improve my reading skills and interest./No. Because audiobooks may make me depend on them and they are not a substitute for silent reading.

13. Her mother. 14. She provides passengers with services like helping them buy tickets and board the train, keeping order, answering questions, and dealing with the transfer. 15. Because she helped the grandma carry the bags from the entrance to the ticket gates. 16. Yes, I do. Because as a volunteer, my life will be colorful, and my ability in communication and expression will be improved.

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了研究生周静怡受到妈妈的影响成为一名铁路志愿者的经历和感受。

13. 根据“According to Zhou, she was influenced by her mother to become a railway volunteer.”可知，据周说，她是在母亲的影响下成为铁路志愿者的，即是她的妈妈影响她成为铁路志愿者的。故填 Her mother.

14. 根据“At the station, she provides passengers with services like helping them buy tickets and board the train, keeping order, answering questions, and dealing with the transfer.”可知，在车站，她为乘客提供服务，如帮助他们买票和上车，维持秩序，回答问题，处理换乘。故填 She provides passengers with services like helping them buy tickets and board the train, keeping order, answering questions, and dealing with the transfer.

15. 根据“...I helped her carry the bags from the entrance to the ticket gates. She kept saying ‘Thank you’ and gave me two oranges,...”可知，我帮老奶奶把行李从入口处搬到检票口，她一直说谢谢，还给了我两个橘子，即老奶奶给她橘子是因为她帮助老奶奶把行李从入口处搬到检票口。故填 Because she helped the grandma carry the bags from the entrance to the ticket gates.

16. 根据全文，此处为开放性作答，结合实际，言之有理即可。参考答案为 Yes, I do. Because as a volunteer, my life will be colorful, and my ability in communication and expression will be improved.

17. They were used for entertainment and religious and instructional purposes. 18. When French missionaries returned from China in 1767 and put on performances in Paris. 19. It is difficult for shadow puppeteers to compete with modern entertainment technologies for an audience. 20. Yes, I would like to. Because they are quite entertaining and we can also learn some culture from it.

【导语】本文主要介绍了中国的皮影戏。

17. 根据“Shadow plays were once a popular form of entertainment, and they were also used for religious (宗教) and instructional purposes”可知，它们被用于娱乐、宗教和教学目的。故填 They were used for entertainment and religious and instructional purposes.

18. 根据“Shadow plays were performed in France when French missionaries (传教士) returned from China in 1767 and put on performances in Paris and Marseilles. It is said that this is how the shadow play was introduced to Europe”可知, 1767 年, 当法国传教士从中国回来, 在巴黎和马赛演出时, 皮影戏在法国上演, 皮影戏就是这样传入欧洲的。故填 When French missionaries returned from China in 1767 and put on performances in Paris.

19. 根据“It is difficult for shadow puppeteers to compete with modern entertainment technologies for an audience”可知, 皮影戏演员很难与现代娱乐技术竞争观众。故填 It is difficult for shadow puppeteers to compete with modern entertainment technologies for an audience.

20. 开放性作答, 言之有理即可。参考答案为 Yes, I would like to. Because they are quite entertaining and we can also learn some culture from it.

21. A smart campus system. 22. They can receive performance results immediately after each exercise.

23. By providing students with information about attendance records, courses, and class timetables. 24. Yes, I'd like to. Because it makes our studies more interesting and convenient. (开放性试题, 言之有理即可。)

【导语】本文主要介绍了科技使学校生活更简单和便捷。

21. 根据“One example is a school in Tianjin, which uses a smart campus (校园) system (系统) from a tech company.”可知, 天津的一所学校使用了一家科技公司的智能校园系统。故填 A smart campus system.

22. 根据“A facial recognition system records students' faces, allowing them to receive performance results immediately after each exercise.”可知, 安徽的学校的学生在体育课上在每次练习后立即获得成绩。故填 They can receive performance results immediately after each exercise.

23. 根据“A college in the UK introduced a chat robot. It provides students with information about attendance records, courses, and class timetables, making it easier for students to manage their school lives.”可知, 聊天机器人通过提供有关出勤记录、课程和上课时间表的信息来让英国学院的学生更容易管理他们的学校生活。故填 By providing students with information about attendance records, courses, and class timetables.

24. 开放性试题, 言之有理即可。我愿意在智慧校园学习。因为它使我们的学习更加有趣和方便。故填 Yes, I'd like to. Because it makes our studies more interesting and convenient.

25. At the age of 16. 26. Nervous and afraid of messing up or saying the wrong thing. 27. She helped care for Dan during his stay at RMH, helping him getting better through stories, laughter, compassion, and companionship. 28.

Yes. Doing volunteer work can make people smile/ feel happy/.../It can make me better...

【导语】本文主要介绍了国际志愿者日及 Sharon 作为志愿者的经历和感受。

25. 根据“Sharon first started volunteering at the age of 16.”可知, Sharon 在 16 岁开始第一次做志愿者。故填 At the age of 16.

26. 根据“Sharon recalls her first time walking into RMH-nervous and afraid of messing up or saying the wrong thing.”可知, Sharon 第一次走进 RMH 时很紧张害怕搞砸或说错话。故填 Nervous and afraid of messing up or saying the wrong thing.

27. 根据“Sharon helped care for Dan during his stay at RMH, helping him get better through stories, laughter, and companionship (陪伴).”可知, 在 Dan 入住 RMH 期间, Sharon 帮助他照顾他, 通过故事、笑声和陪伴帮助他

变得更好。故填 She helped care for Dan during his stay at RMH, helping him getting better through stories, laughter, compassion, and companionship.

28. 开放性试题，答案不唯一合理即可。参考答案为：Yes. Doing volunteer work can make people smile/ feel happy./It can make me better.

29. In December last year. 30. Over 8 million. 31. Because more local governments place enriching cultural life high on their work list. 32. Yes. Because I can sign up for a borrowing service with facial recognition and other technologies, which makes borrowing books much easier. What's more, I can use the online borrowing service, which will deliver the book to my doorstep.

【导语】本文主要介绍了更智能的图书馆，不仅可以更方便地借阅书籍，也可以体验到智能服务。

29. 根据“Beijing Library has become a popular place since it opened in December last year.”可知北京图书馆去年12月开馆。故填 In December last year.

30. 根据“Beijing Library houses over 8 million books.”可知北京图书馆藏书 800 多万册。故填 Over 8 million.

31. 根据“Because more local governments place enriching cultural life high on their work list, we are seeing more public libraries introduce the AS/RS”可知因为越来越多的地方政府把丰富文化生活放在工作清单的首位，我们看到越来越多的公共图书馆引入了 AS/RS。故填 Because more local governments place enriching cultural life high on their work list.

32. 开放性试题，言之有理即可。参考答案为 Yes. Because I can sign up for a borrowing service with facial recognition and other technologies, which makes borrowing books much easier. What's more, I can use the online borrowing service, which will deliver the book to my doorstep.

33. He was soft, sleepy, and huge. 34. They mostly stayed at home, taught Escort orders, and held his leash.

35. Happy and proud. 36. 开放性试题，言之有理即可，参考答案：They are kind. Because they are kind to the dog and treat him like a companion.

【导语】本文主要讲述作者和丈夫养一只导盲犬的经历。

33. 根据第二段中的“In the kitchen, we saw the puppy, Escort, sleeping on the floor. Holding him for the first time was magical. He was so soft and sleepy—and huge!”可知，作者第一次见到 Escort 时，他是柔软的，昏昏欲睡的并且巨大的。故填 He was soft, sleepy, and huge.

34. 根据第三段中的“During the first eight weeks, Tyler and I mostly stayed at home, taught Escort orders, and held his leash.”可知，在最初的八个星期里，作者和丈夫大部分时间都呆在家里，教他命令，并牵着他的牵引绳。故填 They mostly stayed at home, taught Escort orders, and held his leash.

35. 根据最后一段“When I see pictures of Escort with the woman he has been placed with, I feel very happy....The thought that he will improve her life makes me very proud.”可知，当作者知道 Escort 可以帮助他的新主人时，她感到高兴和自豪。故填 Happy and proud.

36. 开放性试题，言之有理即可，参考答案：They are kind. Because they are kind to the dog and treat him like a companion.

37. The travel industry (is responsible for about 10% of these emissions). 38. The idea behind it is that each traveller would have a yearly carbon limit and nobody can go over that limit. 39. By cancelling local flights if



the same trips can be made by train in 2.5 hours or less in France. 40. I think the idea of a “carbon passport” is good. Because it can help to reduce the carbon emissions and raise our spirit of protecting our Earth. (开放题，合理即可。)

【导语】本文是一篇说明文，主要介绍为了减少碳排放，一个旅游公司建议使用“碳护照”，很多国家也纷纷采取行动去减少航空旅行。

37. 根据“As temperatures continue to rise, the effect of carbon emissions (碳排放) on the environment has become a big problem. Studies show the travel industry is responsible for about 10% of these emissions”可知，旅游业会导致 10% 的碳排放。故填 The travel industry (is responsible for about 10% of these emissions)。

38. 根据“The idea behind it is that each traveler would have a yearly carbon limit, and nobody can go over that limit.”可知，其背后的想法是，每个旅行者每年都有一个碳排放上限，没有人可以超过这个上限。故填 The idea behind it is that each traveller would have a yearly carbon limit and nobody can go over that limit。

39. 根据“In France, local flights are canceled if the same trips can be made by train in 2.5 hours or less.”可知，在法国，如果乘坐火车可以在 2.5 小时或更少时间内完成相同的行程，则取消当地航班。故填 By cancelling local flights if the same trips can be made by train in 2.5 hours or less in France.

40. 根据上下文可知，“碳护照”的主意是好的。故填 I think the idea of a “carbon passport” is good. Because it can help to reduce the carbon emissions and raise our spirit of protecting our Earth. (开放题，合理即可。)

41. He rushed toward Gabriel’s room. 42. It happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off.

43. He followed him around the house and slept in his room. He seldom left his side. 44. Yes. Because it is very helpful and sometimes it can even save people’s lives.

【导语】本文主要介绍了狗狗阿克塞尔发现小主人加布里埃尔中风，他聪明地让加布里埃尔的父母知道，并且在加布里埃尔回来之后，阿克塞尔也时刻照顾着小主人。

41. 根据“When Gabriel’s father opened the back door, Axel rushed toward Gabriel’s room”可知当加布里埃尔的父亲打开后门时，阿克塞尔冲向加布里埃尔的房间。故填 He rushed toward Gabriel’s room.

42. 根据“It happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off.”可知当大脑部分的血液供应被切断时，就会发生中风。故填 It happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off.

43. 根据“Since Gabriel returned home, Axel followed him around the house and slept in his room”可知加布里埃尔回家后，阿克塞尔在家里跟着他，睡在他的房间里。故填 He followed him around the house and slept in his room. He seldom left his side.

44. 开放性试题，言之有理即可。参考答案为 Yes. Because it is very helpful and sometimes it can even save people’s lives.

45. He injured an eye in an accident in his father’s workshop. 46. Charles Barbier. 47. Instead of twelve positions for each unit, he decided to work with six. 48.

I think Louis Braille is a great person, because he gave the blind one more way to see the world.

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了盲文的起源。

45. 根据“When he was three, he injured an eye in an accident in his father’s workshop.”可知，当他三岁的时候，他在父亲车间的一次事故中伤了一只眼睛，故填 He injured an eye in an accident in his father’s workshop.

46. 根据“Barbier had invented a new way of writing.”可知, Charles Barbier 发明了一种新的写作方式, 故填 Charles Barbier.
47. 根据“Instead of twelve positions for each unit, he decided to work with six.”可知, 他决定用 6 个位置代替每个单元的 12 个位置, 故填 Instead of twelve positions for each unit, he decided to work with six.
48. 开放性题目, 合理即可。
49. They create works on the inner surface of the glass bottle.      50. They symbolize people’s wishes for good luck and a happy life.      51. By making use of social media.      52. 开放性作答, 结合实际, 言之有理即可。
- 参考答案为 I’d love to take it. Because inner painting is a kind of traditional Chinese art and patterns on the painting often symbolize people’s wishes for good luck and a happy life.
- 【导语】本文主要介绍了被列为国家级非物质文化遗产的中国传统艺术——内画。
49. 根据“Inner painting artists traditionally create works on the inner surface of the glass bottle by using special fine brushes that can enter the tiny bottles.”可知, 内画艺术家通过使用特殊的细刷在玻璃瓶的内表面创作作品。故填 They      create works on the inner surface of the glass bottle.
50. 根据“Patterns on the painting often symbolize people’s wishes for good luck and a happy life.”可知, 画中的图案往往象征着人们对好运和幸福生活的祝愿。故填 They symbolize people’s wishes for good luck and a happy life.
51. 根据“Some young artists are making use of social media to help more people learn about inner painting skills.”可知, 一些年轻艺术家正在利用社交媒体帮助更多人学习内心绘画技巧。故填 By making use of social media.
52. 开放性作答, 结合实际, 言之有理即可。参考答案为 I’d love to take it. Because inner painting is a kind of traditional Chinese art and patterns on the painting often symbolize people’s wishes for good luck and a happy life.