

2026年六年级英语学业质量抽样监测指导卷

监测时间:60分钟 满分:70分(含卷面书写3分)

姓名		缺考标记	<input type="checkbox"/>	缺考标记 由监考员填涂
班级		学校名称		
填 涂 要 求	正确填涂			
	错误填涂示例			
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1. 答题前,同学们务必将姓名、所在班级和学校名称用黑色签字笔填写在相应的位置,并在监考教师指导下,在指定位置粘贴个人信息条形码,缺考标记由监考教师填涂。
2. 本指导卷包括两部分,共49道小题,共3页。答题时要认真阅读卷面上的文字,看清每道题的要求,按要求作答。
3. 所有选择题均要使用2B铅笔填涂,并将填涂点涂满涂黑。其它题目均要使用黑色签字笔作答。
4. 请在各题目的答题区域内作答,超出红色框区域的答案无效。
5. 字迹工整,填涂规范,保持卷面整洁。答题卡要平整,不要折叠。

第一部分 听力理解(共30分)

一、看图听对话,选择与对话描述一致的图片,将其字母标号涂黑。

每组对话读两遍。(共10分)



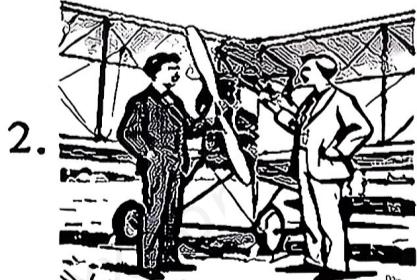
[A]



[B]



[C]



[A]



[B]



[C]



[A]



[B]



[C]



4.

[A]



[B]



[C]



5.

[A]

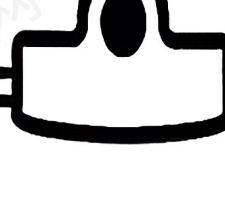


[B]



[C]

二、请听对话,根据对话内容将病例补充完整。对话读三遍。听录音前,你将有 30 秒钟的时间理解题目。录音结束后,你将有 30 秒钟的时间整理听到的信息。(共 10 分)



Name: 6. _____

What happened?

He 7. _____

and hurt 8. _____.

Doctor's advice (医嘱) :

He needs to 9. _____.

He doesn't need to 10. _____.



请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出红色框区域的答案无效

三、Jane 正在向妈妈介绍班里的新同学 Anna。请根据她的描述回答下列问题。短文读三遍。听录音前，你将有 30 秒钟的时间理解题目。录音结束后，你将有 30 秒钟的时间整理听到的信息。(共 10 分)



11. What does Jane think of Anna?

She is _____.

12. What's her birth-year animal?

She was born in _____.

13. What clothes does she often wear?

She often wears _____.

14. Who made her favourite clothes?

A Her grandmother.

B Her mother.

C Her friend.

15. What's her favourite subject?

She likes _____ best.

第二部分 阅读与写作(共 40 分)

四、随着中国的飞速发展，越来越多的伟大工程彰显大国风范，来看看今年新建成的这座世界第一高桥吧！阅读并选择合适的单词补全短文，并将正确选项标号涂黑。(共 5 分)

A. passed B. tall C. highest D. strong E. drove

The *Huaijiang Grand Canyon Bridge* (花江峡谷大桥) has opened at the end of September this year! It's the

16. _____ bridge in the world. It is 625 meters 17. _____. This bridge has just been built in Guizhou, China. To make sure it was safe and 18. _____, engineers checked it carefully. They 19. _____ 96 trucks onto the bridge. Each truck weighed 35 tons, so altogether they weighed 3360 tons. The bridge 20. _____ the test!



16. A B C D E

17. A B C D E

18. A B C D E

19. A B C D E

20. A B C D E

五、请选择合适的短语补全下列句子，并将正确选项标号涂黑。
(共5分)

A. drove me there B. began to use C. was interested in
D. no wonder E. take a trip

21. My parents and I _____ in our country twice every year.
22. Xiangshan Park is far from my home. So my dad _____.
23. He _____ music when he was a child. Now he is a singer.
24. As early as the third century, the Chinese people _____ woodblock printing.
25. Quan Hongchan practiced diving very hard for many years, _____ she won the golden medals in Olympics.

21. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
22. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
23. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
24. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
25. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

六、请阅读对话，选择合适的句子将对话补全，并将正确选项标号涂黑。(共5分)

A. I stayed in Beijing. B. Hope you like it!
C. They taste good. D. Did you enjoy the food there?
E. I visited Xi'an with my family.

Lucy: Hi, Allen! How was your holiday?

Allen: 26. _____ We saw the Terracotta Warriors(兵马俑). They are so cool.

Lucy: Wow, that's awesome! 27. _____

Allen: Of course! Xi'an has delicious food, like roujiamo and cold noodles. I loved them.

Lucy: 28. _____

Allen: And I bought a gift for you. 29. _____

Lucy: Thank you! I love it so much.

Allen: Did you go anywhere fun?

Lucy: 30. _____ I went to the library to read English books and visited some museums.

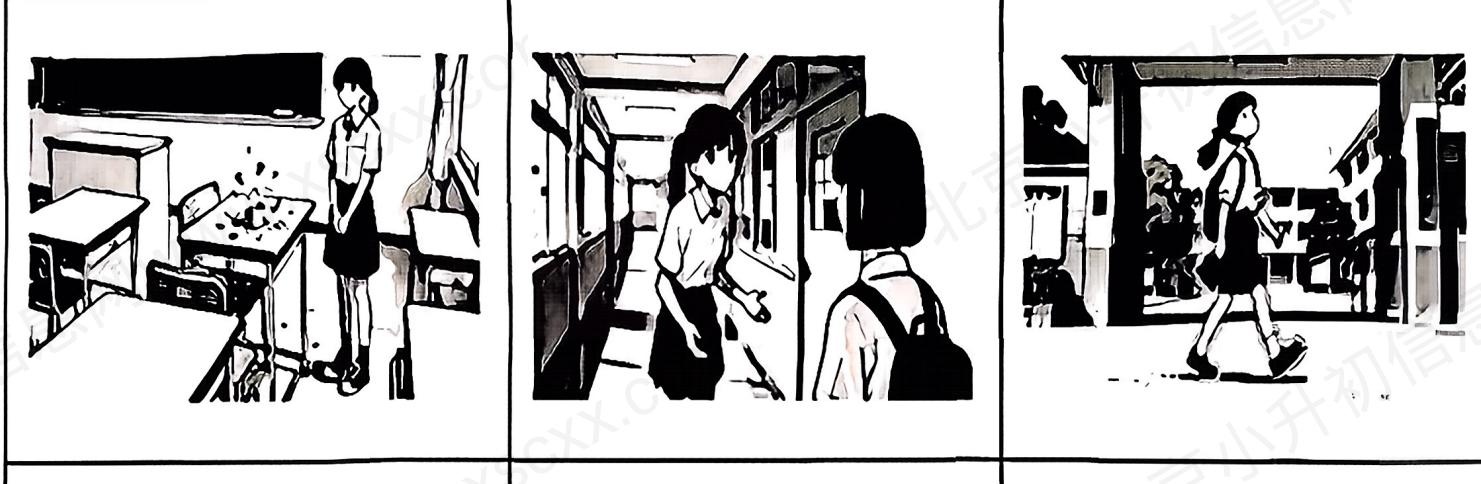
Allen: That sounds great, too!

Lucy: Yes. I learned a lot.

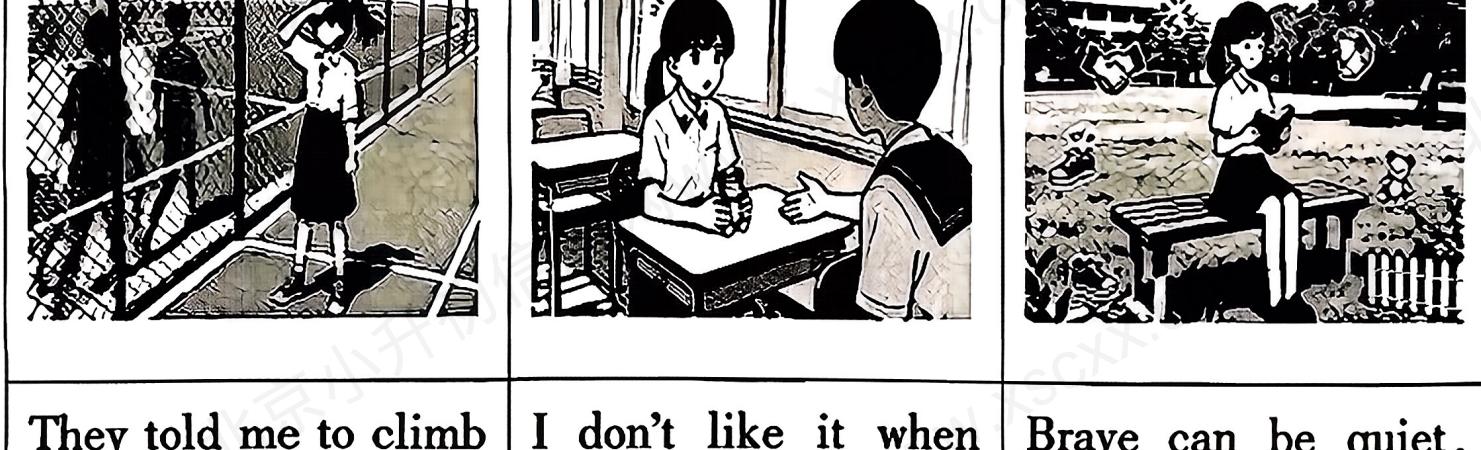
Allen: We all had a good holiday.

26. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
27. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
28. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
29. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]
30. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

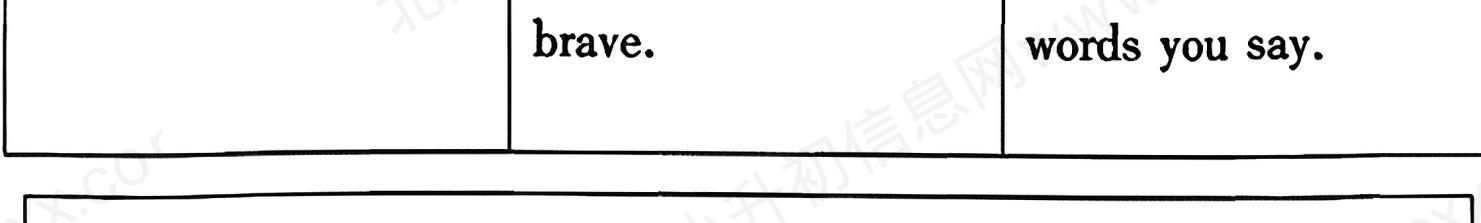
七、什么是勇敢呢？读一读 Linda 对勇敢的理解吧。请选择适当的句子补全信息，将正确选项标号涂黑。（共 5 分）



What is brave? I broke the cup. I took a deep breath and 31. _____ Being honest(诚实的) is brave.	I had a fight with my friend, I didn't hide, I talked to her. 32. _____	33. _____ They made me feel like me. Being yourself is brave.
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They told me to climb the fence. I didn't and I said, "That's not safe." 34. _____	I don't like it when others take my toys. 35. _____ Having boundaries(边界) is brave.	Brave can be quiet, gentle, and soft. It's in the choices you make. It's in the words you say.
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A. Facing problems is brave.
 B. I said, "Please ask before you borrow."
 C. Protecting yourself is brave.
 D. I said, "It was me."
 E. I put on my favourite shoes.

31. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

32. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

33. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

34. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

35. [A] [B] [C] [D] [E]

八、下面有一篇关于蛇的小故事,请读一读并完成相关的任务。
(共5分)

Snake Is Worried

The twelve Chinese zodiac animals get together. They celebrate the coming of new year. Everyone is happy. Only Snake feels down. The old dragon Long sees his sad face. “Young friend. What’s wrong?” he asks.

“I think,” Snake speaks, “People don’t like me. So I shouldn’t be one of the twelve animals.”

“Not really,” Dragon says, “Did you know, people call you little dragon as a symbol of luck?”

“That’s because I’m behind you,” says Snake, “People love all the other zodiac animals. Rat is clever, Ox is honest, Tiger is strict, Rabbit is quiet, Dragon is wise, Horse is helpful, Sheep is kind, Monkey is active, Rooster is hard-working, Dog is friendly and Pig is sunny, but I...” when Snake speaks, he lowers his head.

“But you are quiet, you don’t talk much.” Monkey says. “And you are always smart and cool.” says Dog.

“We all like you.” the other animals say.

Hearing those words, Snake looks at everyone and feels much better. “Thank you.” he says.

“This year is the Year of the Snake. What’s your wish for everyone?” asks Rabbit.

“I wish you all a new year of no worries.” says Snake.

任务一:请阅读故事并回答以下问题,将正确选项的标号涂黑。

(共3分)

36. Why is Snake so worried?

- A] He doesn’t like the new year.
- B] He doesn’t think people like him.
- C] He doesn’t have a wish for everyone.

37. What does Snake think of Horse?

- A] Horse is kind.
- B] Horse is helpful.
- C] Horse is quiet.

38. What’s Snake’s wish for everyone?

- A] Everyone likes him very much.
- B] He has no wish for others.
- C] Everyone has no worries about new year.

任务二:回答下面的问题。(至少一句话,书写规范1分,共2分)

What do you think of Snake?

39. _____

姓名

班级

学校名称

九、国家体育场作为我国体育文化与现代建筑艺术的杰出代表,已成为向世界展示中国形象、传递中华文化的标志性载体。请读一读下面的介绍,完成相关的任务。(共7分)

The National Stadium is a famous building in Beijing. It looks like a bird's nest, so it's known as the Bird's Nest. It is really amazing. It's one of the stadiums that has hosted two Olympic Games—Beijing 2008 Summer Olympics and Beijing 2022 Winter Olympics. This makes it a special dual Olympic landmark in Beijing.

The Bird's Nest is made of steel and iron. And it shows harmony between nature and buildings. It also stands for hope. As a famous cultural landmark, it attracts millions of visitors every year.

After the Olympics, the Bird's Nest opens its doors to all people. People can watch games and shows, do sports, and take photos there.

任务一:请根据介绍判断句子,正确的将“T”涂黑,不正确的将“F”涂黑。(共2分)

40. The Bird's Nest is one of the stadiums in the world that hosted two Olympics. [T] [F]

41. After the Olympics, the Bird's Nest opens to athletes only. [T] [F]

任务二:阅读短文后,请梳理出文章中的关键信息。(书写规范1分,共5分)

What does the National Stadium look like?

42. It _____.

What did the National Stadium host in 2008?

43. _____.

What did the National Stadium host in 2022?

44. _____.

What do people do in the National Stadium after Olympics?

45. _____.



十、请阅读关于杨振宁教授的介绍并完成相关任务。(共8分)

A Great Scientist: Yang Zhenning

Yang Zhenning was a famous Chinese physicist (物理学家). He was born in Hefei, Anhui Province in 1922. He showed a strong interest in math and science from an early age. At school, he was always one of the top students, because he loved reading and never gave up when facing problems.



In 1957, Yang Zhenning and his partner won the Nobel Prize (诺贝尔奖). This made him famous all over the world. We Chinese people were proud of him. He came back to China after living abroad for many years. He did something for our country. He began to teach in universities in China, shared everything he learned with his students. He helped a lot of young people develop their interests in science.

Yang Zhenning was hard-working. He said staying curious (好奇的) and never giving up are important. He never stopped learning and working even when he was old. He is a good example for us. As primary school students, we should learn from him: love studying, keep trying, and have a dream to help our country. Yang Zhenning's story tells us: if we love something and work hard on it, we can make a success!

任务一:根据文中提供的内容,选择与题目所给内容有前后或因果

关联的选项完成对杨教授的介绍,请将相应的选项涂黑。

(共3分)

46. Yang Zhenning and his partner won the Nobel Prize.	A. He became famous all over the world.
47. Yang Zhenning came back to China after living abroad for many years.	B. We should love studying and keep trying like him.
48. Yang Zhenning was hard-working. He never stopped learning and working even when he was old.	C. He began to share everything he learned with his students in China.

46. [A] [B] [C]

47. [A] [B] [C]

48. [A] [B] [C]

请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出红色框区域的答案无效

任务二：你身边有让你自豪或骄傲的人吗？请结合问题和实际情况，介绍一下他/她吧。（书写规范1分，共5分）

What does he/she look like?

What do you always do together?

Why are you so proud of him/her?

49. I am proud of _____

